

Passiflora antioquiensis Karst. 1860
 Subgenus *Passiflora* Supersection *Tacsonia* Section
Colombiana Series *Leptomischa*

Distribution : Colombia.

Stem terete (or the younger parts subangulate), rufo-hirtellous to rufo-tomentose; stipules subulate, 5 to 7 mm. long; petioles up to 4 cm. long, stout, obscurely glandular; leaves dimorphic, unlobed, ovate, ovate-lanceolate, or lanceolate, 7 to 15 cm. long, 3.5 to 8 cm. wide, or 3-lobed to within 1 cm. of base (lobes lanceolate or ellipticlanceolate, up to 3 cm. wide), rounded or subcordate at base, unevenly and sharply serrate, puberulent on the nerves and veins above, densely pilose or strigillose on the nerves and veins and slightly tomentellous elsewhere beneath (or both surfaces glabrous?); flowers rose-red; calyx tube cylindric, 2.5 to 4 cm. long, ventricose at base, glabrous; sepals oblong-lanceolate, 5 to 6.5 cm. long, 1.5 to 2.5 cm. wide, obtuse, short-awned; petals similar to the sepals, obtuse, clawed at base; corona in 3 series, the outer 2 about 2 mm. apart, the outermost minutely tuberculate, the inner varying (often in the same flower) from minutely tuberculate (tubercles 0.5 mm. long) to filamentose (filaments slender, 5 mm. long), the third series situated about 1 cm. above base of tube, filamentose, the filaments 4 to 6 mm. long; operculum borne midway between preceding and base of tube, membranous, deflexed, the margin recurved, minutely denticulate or nearly entire; ovary narrowly ellipsoidal, glabrous or puberulent.



John Ocampo



De Passifloratuin



Y M Uribe



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