

Passiflora crassifolia Killip 1930
 Subgenus *Passiflora* Supersection *Stipulata* Section
Granadillastrum

Distribution : Peru.
 Stem subterete, striate, densely villous with spreading, grayish hairs; stipules subreniform, 1.5 to 2.5 cm. long, 0.6 to 1 cm. wide, subamplexicaul, aristate (awn about 4 mm. long), reticulate-veined, coriaceous, glabrous above, villous on veins beneath and at margin; petioles villosulous, 2 to 6 cm. long, bearing 4 to 6 subsessile glands, dissitate the whole length of the petioles, 0.6 to 0.8 mm. in diameter; leaves lanceolate or ovate-lanceolate, 10 to 18 cm. long, 6 to 12 cm. wide, not lobed or occasionally



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obsoletely lobed in lower third, obtuse at apex, deeply cordate at base with a narrow sinus, entire or sparingly serrulate toward base, 7-nerved, reticulate-veined (nerves and veins prominent beneath), entire, thick-coriaceous, dark green and glabrous above, paler and appressed-villous on the nerves and veins beneath; peduncles solitary, about 5 cm. long, villous; bracts lanceolate, 1.5 to 2 cm. long, 7 to 8 mm. wide, sharpacuminate at apex, cordulate, subsessile, glabrous above, villous on nerves and veins beneath, borne about 5 mm. below base of flower; calyx tube tubular-campanulate, about 5 mm. long, 6 mm. in diameter; sepals oblong, dorsally awned, the awn 2 to 3 mm. long; corona filaments in 3 or 4 series, the outermost about 7 mm. long; operculum membranous, about 5 mm. high, filamentose in upper half; fruit ovoid or ellipsoidal, 4 to 6 cm. long, 2 to 2.5 cm. wide, villosulous; seeds narrowly oblong, 6 to 7 mm. long, 2 to 3 mm. wide, shallowly tridentate at apex, coarsely reticulate.



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