

Passiflora cuneata Willd. 1809
Subgenus *Decaloba* Supersection *Decaloba*

Distribution :
Venezuela,
Colombia.

Stem stout, strongly compressed and angulate, usually flexuous, glabrous or finely pilosulous; stipules narrowly linear or setaceous, up to 6 mm. long; petioles up to 2.5 cm. long, slender, glandless, pubescent; leaves variable, oblong or ovate-oblong, 4 to 8 cm. long, 3.5 to 5 cm. wide, 2-lobed (lobes one-fifth to one-third



length of blade, or rarely up to two-thirds, oblong, ovate-oblong, or rarely linear, rounded or obtuse at apex, the sinus rounded, truncate, or occasionally with a minute intermediate lobe), or 3-lobed (middle lobe equaling or shorter than the lateral lobes), cuneate or rounded at base, 3-nerved, reticulate-veined, membranous, glabrous or finely pilosulous; peduncles solitary or in pairs, slender, elongate, up to 5 cm. long; flowers 3.5 to 4 cm. wide; sepals linear-lanceolate, 1 to 1.5 cm. long, 3 to 4 mm. wide, obtuse, green without, white within; petals lanceolate, about 5 mm. long, 4 mm. wide at base, white; corona filaments in 2 series, the outer cultrate or spatulate, 3 to 5 mm. long, dilated at or above middle, conspicuously 3-angled, yellowgreen, banded with purple, the inner filiform, about 2 mm. long, grass-green; operculum membranous, plicate, incurved, grass-green; limen annular; ovary subglobose, glabrous or densely pilose, especially along the obscure ribs; fruit globose, about 1.5 cm. in diameter, pilosulous, at length glabrate; seeds ovoid, about 2.5 mm. long, 1.5 mm. wide, transversely sulcate with 5 or 6 ridges.

