

Passiflora manicata (Juss.) Pers. 1807
 Subgenus *Passiflora* Supersection *Tacsonia* Section
Manicata

Distribution :
 Venezuela, Colombia,
 Peru (between 1500 and
 2500 meters).

Stem stout, angulate,
 densely strigillose or
 glabrate; stipules
 semiovate (attached at
 middle of side), 1.5 to 2
 cm. long, 0.8 to 1 cm.
 wide, coarsely sharp-
 dentate; petioles up to 5
 cm. long, 4-10-
 glandular, the glands
 stipitate or sessile;
 leaves 4 to 8 cm. long, 5
 to 9 cm. wide (or the
 lower up to 10 cm. long,
 14 cm. wide), 3-lobed to
 or occasionally to
 slightly below middle
 (lobes ovate or oblong-
 ovate, 2 to 5 cm. wide,

obtuse or acutish, the middle lobe usually produced),
 rounded or subcordate at base, callous-serrulate or
 serrate, glabrous or pilosulous above, tomentose beneath;
 peduncles up to 7 cm. long; bracts free or united toward
 base, ovate, 2 to 3 cm. long, 1 to 1.5 cm. wide, acute,
 entire or serrulate, tomentellous without, tomentellous or
 rarely glabrescent within; calyx tube urceolate-
 campanulate, 1.5 to 2 cm. long, 0.8 to 1 cm. in diameter,
 green without, light green or white within, sulcate at
 base; sepals oblong-lanceolate, 3 to 3.5 cm. long, 6 to 7
 mm. wide, obtuse, awned dorsally just below apex,
 green, pink-tinged without, scarlet within; petals oblong,
 obtuse, scarlet; corona in 3 or 4 series, the outer 2 or 3
 filamentose, the filaments 2 to 4 mm. long, blue, the next
 series tuberculate, 0.5 mm. long, the innermost series borne about 4 mm. below throat, white, lacerately cleft
 into narrowly linear divisions; operculum about 7 mm. long, white, dependent, the margin retrorse, minutely
 denticulate; limen membranous, erect, 3 to 4 mm. high, lobulate; ovary obovoid, glabrous; fruit ovoid or
 subspherical, 3.5 to 5 cm. long, 2.5 to 3.5 cm. wide, dark green, glabrous and shining; seeds ovate, 5 mm. long,
 3 mm. wide, finely reticulate, black when ripe.



Charles Boulanger



R Ripley



A Cruzatty



John Ocampo