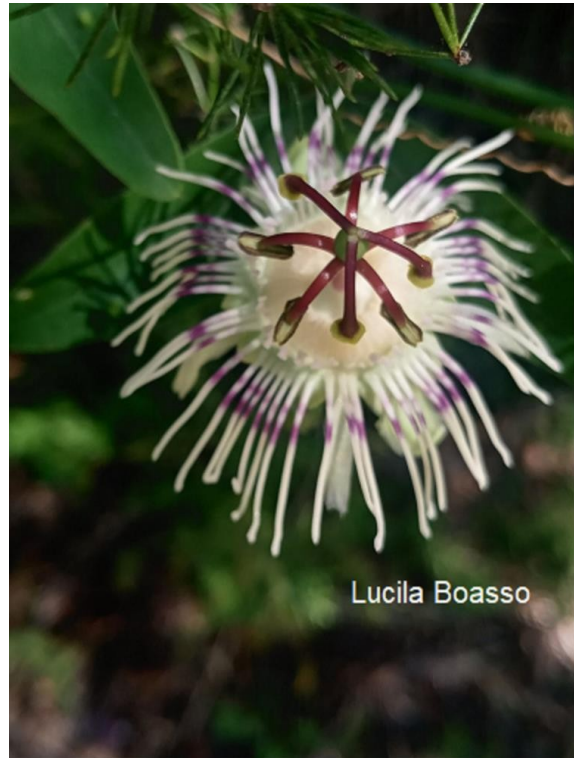


***Passiflora misera* Kunth 1817**
Passiflora laticaulis Killip 1924
Passiflora maximiliana Bory 1819
 Subgenus *Decaloba* Supersection *Decaloba*

Distribution : Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Panama, South America.

Stem angulate or strongly compressed, striate, glabrous or finely puberulous, sometimes scabrid ; stipules setaceous to narrowly linear, 2 to 3.5 mm. long, falcate; petioles 1 to 3.5 cm. long, glandless, glabrous or finely puberulous; leaves 2-lobed (lobes widely divergent, sometimes to an angle of nearly 90 degrees from the midnerve, the leaves thus being almost transversely oblong or transversely linearoblong, the lobes rounded at apex, rarely acutish, sometimes retuse, occasionally a small intermediate lobe present), 0.5 to 2.5 cm. Long (midnerve), 4 to 13 cm. wide (between apices of lateral lobes), cordulate or subtruncate at base, 3-nerved (a pair of rather prominent secondary nerves just below upper margin), inconspicuously reticulate-veined, membranous, ocellate beneath, glabrous or minutely pilosulous; peduncles solitary, rarely in pairs, slender, 1.5 to 10 cm. long; bracts setaceous, 3 to 5 mm. long, borne near apex of peduncle; flowers 2.5 to 4 cm. wide; sepals lance-oblong to linearoblong, 10 to 18 mm. long, 3 to 5 mm. wide, obtuse, green and usually puberulous without, white within; petals linear-oblong, 8 to 13 mm. long, 2 to 4 mm. wide, obtuse, white; corona filaments in 2 series, the outer filiform, 10 to 15 mm. long, attenuate at apex, purplish (or white?), the inner linear, 3 to 4 mm. long, about 0.8 mm. wide, broadly capitate and often slightly emarginate; operculum membranous, closely plicate, incurved, minutely fimbriate at margin; limen annular; ovary ovoid, glabrous; fruit globose, rarely ovoid, 5 to 13 mm. in diameter; seeds narrowly ovate, about 3.5 mm. long and 2 mm. wide, transversely sulcate, the ridges about 10.



Lucila Boasso



Christian Houel



Lucila Boasso