

Passiflora quadriglandulosa Rodschied 1796

Passiflora yacumensis Rusby 1927

Subgenus *Passiflora* Supersection *Coccinea*

Distribution: Martinique, Grenada, Trinidad, Guianas, Peru, Venezuela, Bolivia et Brasil

Stem terete, glabrous or the younger parts pilosulous; stipules setaceous, 3 to 5 mm. long, deciduous; petioles 1 to 2.5 cm. long, obsoletely biglandular at base; leaves polymorphic, entire and broadly to narrowly oblong, or oblong-lanceolate, 8 to 15 cm. long, 3 to 8 cm. wide, or asymmetrically 2- or 3-lobed (lobes acuminate, the middle lobe ovate or ovate-lanceolate, longer than the lateral lobes, up to 6 cm. wide), rounded or subtruncate at base, irregularly repanddentate, glabrous or finely puberulent on the nerves above, finely puberulent or tomentellous beneath; peduncles up to 5 cm. long; bracts narrowly linear to narrowly oblong-lanceolate, 0.8 to 1.5 cm. long, 1 to 5 mm. wide, glandular-serrulate; flowers showy, pink, red, or scarlet; calyx tube short-cylindric, 1 to 1.5 cm. long, about 1 cm. wide, ventricose at base; sepals oblong-lanceolate, 6 to 8 cm. long, about 1 cm. wide, carinate, the keel terminating in an awn 2 to 10 mm. long; petals 6 to 7 cm. long, obtuse; corona 3-ranked, the 2 outer ranks filamentose to base, the filaments bright red or scarlet, narrowly linear at base, subulate toward apex, the outermost about 1.5 cm. long, the others 0.8 to 1 cm. long, the third coronal rank about 1.5 cm. long, tubular, filamentose in upper third only, the membranous portion deep red, the filaments white; operculum 6 to 7 mm. long, dependent, the margin recurved, short-filamentose; ovary ovoid, ferruginous-tomentulous; fruit ovoid, 3.5 cm. long, 1.5 cm. in diameter (young); seeds ovate, reticulate.

