

Passiflora trisecta Mast, in Mart. 1872

Subgenus *Passiflora* Supersection *Tacsonia* Section *Manicata*

Distribution : Peru,
Bolivia (2400-2800 m).

Stem terete, striate,
sparsely or densely short-
ferruginous-villous;
stipules ovate-lanceolate, 1
to 2.5 cm. long, 0.5 to 1
cm. wide, acuminate,
strongly oblique at base,
lacinate-serrate (serrations
terminating in a gland-
tipped awn and more or
less glandular along their
margin), ferruginous-
villosulous; petioles 2 to 5
cm. long, bearing 2 or 3
long, filiform glands at
apex and 3 or 4 shorter,
near middle; leaves 3-
foliolate, the leaflets
oblong lanceolate, 4 to 9
cm. long, 1.5 to 3 cm.
wide, acuminate at apex,
narrowed at base to a
petiolule 1 to 3 mm. long,
serrate, penninerved
(secondary nerves 10 to 14
to a side, subimpressed
above), yellowish green



and densely short-villosulous above, densely yellowish-gray-tomentose beneath; peduncles 8 to 15 cm. long, stout, pubescent as stem; bracts ovate, 2.5 to 3.5 cm. long, 1.5 to 2.5 cm. wide, distinct to base, acuminate, deeply fimbriate-laciniate; calyx tube tubular-campanulate, 1 to 1.5 cm. long, 1.5 to 2 cm. wide, villous-tomentose and light green without, white within; sepals narrowly oblong, 2 to 4 cm. long, about 1 cm. wide, light green without, white within, slightly keeled dorsally, the keel terminating in a foliaceous awn about 1 cm. long; petals linear-lanceolate, 2 to 2.5 cm. long, 3 to 5 mm. wide, obtuse, white; corona in 3 series, all borne at throat of tube, the outer 2 filamentose, the filaments about 2 mm. Long (probably longer in more fully

developed specimens), white, the inner series consisting of minute, dentiform processes; operculum white, dependent, the margin recurved, crenulate; limen apparently none; ovary obovoid-oblong, densely ferruginous-sericeous-villous; fruit globose, about 5 cm. in diameter; seeds reticulate.

