

Passiflora tucumanensis Hook. 1839
Passiflora naviculata Griseb 1874
 Subgenus *Passiflora* Supersection *Stipulata* Section
Granadillastrum

Distribution:

Argentina.

Plant glabrous throughout; stem angular, subterete below, sulcate, glaucescent; stipules semi-ovate-lanceolate, 1.5 to 3 cm. long, 0.5 to 1.5 cm. wide, acute, aristate, rounded at base, serrate, the serrations often glandular; petioles up to 3 cm. long, glandless; leaves 3-5-lobed about four-fifths their length (lobes narrowly oblong-lanceolate, 4 to 6 cm. long, 0.7 to 1.5 cm.



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wide, acutish or obtusish, mucronulate, glandular-serrulate or -serrate in sinuses with 3 to 6 serrulations), cordulate and finely serrulate at base, 3-5-nerved, membranous, dark green above, glaucescent beneath; peduncles up to 2.5 cm. long, slender; bracts ovate-cordate, 5 to 10 mm. Long and wide, acute, apiculate, serrate, thin-membranous, borne close to base of flower; flowers 4 to 5 cm. wide; calyx tube campanulate; sepals oblong-lanceolate, about 5 mm. wide, cucullate, awned, the awn foliaceous, green, 5 to 10 mm. long, green without, white within; petals subequal to sepals, white; corona filaments in several ranks, the outer 2 about two-thirds as long as the petals, white, purplebanded, the inner filaments capillary, 1 to 1.5 mm. long, white, tipped with blue; operculum membranous, incurved, denticulate; limen membranous, annular; ovary ovoid, glabrous, pruinose; fruit ovoid, 4 to 5 cm. long, 3 to 3.5 cm. in diameter; seeds obovate, about 5 mm. long, reticulate.



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