

# *Passiflora* 'Lamepiana'

Registration number: 285

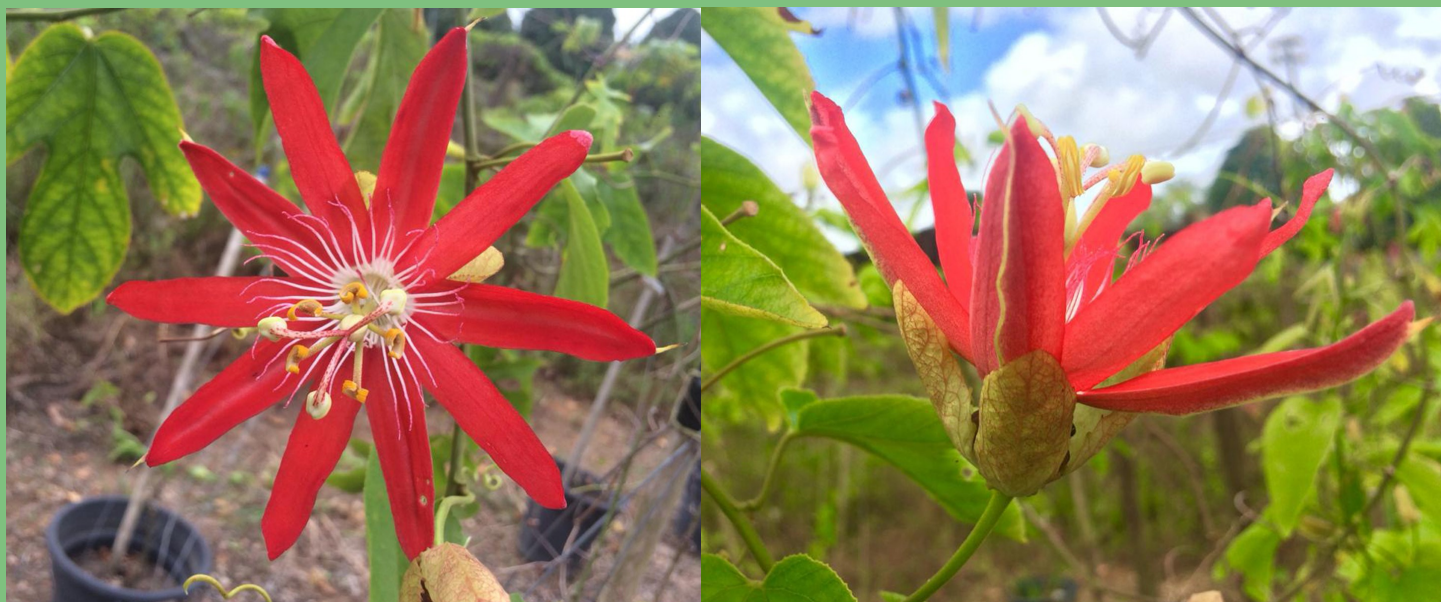
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Submitted and originally grown by: Aline Pinto dos Santos, Margarete Magalhães de Souza, Gonçalo Santos da Silva, Brazil

Parentage: *Passiflora vitifolia* × *Passiflora hatschbachii*

Confidence of pollen donor: 100%

Type: Hybrid



## GENERAL INFORMATION

How is it distinctive ?

Intense red sepals and petals. Coronal filaments white at the base, turning pink towards the tips

Why this name ?

It is a tribute to the research laboratory in which the cultivar was developed

Has it been published, patented or granted PBR ? No

Where was it grown ?

Grown in an unheated greenhouse at the State University of Santa Cruz, Brazil

What are its cultivation requirements?

Warm climate, protected

Additional information

Genomic in Situ Hybridization (GISH) has been used to differentiate the genomes in this cultivar.

## DESCRIPTION OF FLOWER

Diameter	10.6cm
Peduncle length	12cm
Colour of petals	intense red on the adaxial side and light red on the abaxial side
Colour of sepals	intense red on the adaxial side and light red on the abaxial side
Coronal series	Outer series 2.0cm to 3.2cm long, white at the centre, turning pink at a third of its length, intensifying at the tips. Inner series white and reduced to about 0.3 to 0.6cm
Flowering	Flowering throughout the entire year, most intense flowering April to June and September to November
Bracts	Bracts are attached to the floral peduncle, ranging from 1.9 to 3.6 cm in length and 0.8 to 1.8 cm in width



## LEAVES AND OTHER DETAILS

Leaf length	18.4cm
Leaf width	13.2cm
Lobes	3, broad (some bilobed)
Leaf details	The leaf length varies from 11.5cm to 18.4cm. The predominant leaf-shape is three-lobed, however this cultivar presents bilobed leaves on some branches
Petiole length	4cm
Petiole glands	1 - 3 glands at the base of the petiole
Fruit	none